

Model Name: T550HVN01.8 SKD

Issue Date: 2012/09/07

(*)Preliminary Specifications

(···)Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date
Approved By		Approval By PM Director CP Wang	Wang
Note		Reviewed By RD Director Eugene CC Chen Reviewed By Project Leader Yi Tse Lin	是 是
		Prepared By PM Haley Huang ———————————————————————————————————	Hong



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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2012/09/07		First release
0.1	2012/10/03	6	Update Power Supply Input Current & Power consumption
			Pro
			20"
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1. General Description

This specification applies to the 54.6 inch Color TFT-LCD SKD model T550HVN01.8. This LCD Open Cell Unit has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,920x1,080 pixels, and diagonal size of 54.6 inch. This Open Cell Unit supports 1,920x1,080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	54.6	inch	
Display Area	1209.6(H) x 680.4(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	1228.8(H) x 699.4(V) x 1.3(D)	mm	D: cell thickness
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Bezel Opening	939 (H) x 531 (V)	mm	Recommend
Display Colors	10 bit, 1073.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,920x1,080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.21 (W) x 0.63(H)	mm	5
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black	2/10	
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H	•	Haze=2%
Weight	Typ. 3680	g	
Rotate Function	Achievable		Note 1
Display Orientation	Signal input with "ABC"		Note 2

Note 1: Rotate Function refers to LCD display could be able to rotate.

Note 2: LCD display as below illustrated when signal input with "ABC".

Tcon board



Front side



Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

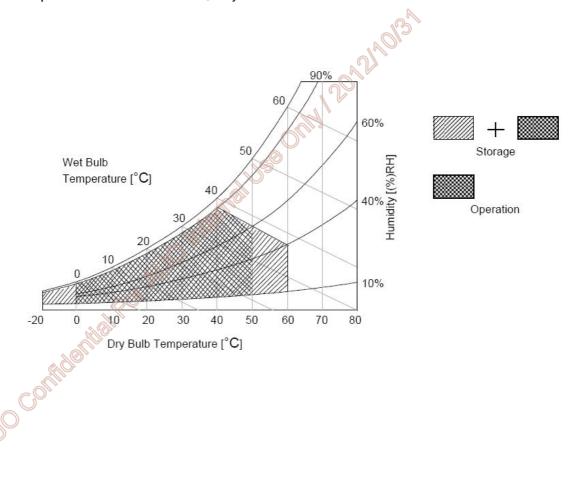
ltem	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration: 50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39 □ and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of $40\Box$ or less. At temperatures greater than $40\Box$, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed $39\Box$.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50°C Dry condition





3. Electrical Specification

The T550HVN01.8 Open Cell Unit requires power input which is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal.

3.1 Electrical Characteristics

3.1.1: DC Characteristics

	Parameter	Cymphol		Value		Unit	Note	
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Offic	INOLE	
LCD								
Power Su	pply Input Voltage	V_{DD}	10.8	12	13.2	V_{DC}		
Power Su	pply Input Current	I _{DD}	1	0.45	1.68	Α	1	
Power Co	nsumption	Pc		5.4	20.16	Watt	1	
Inrush Cu	rrent	I _{RUSH}			4	Α	2	
Permissib	le Ripple of Power Supply Input Voltage	V_{RP}			V _{DD} * 5%	mV_{pk-pk}	3	
	Input Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	200	400	600	mV_DC	4	
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{TH}	+100	100 N	+300	mV_{DC}	4	
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V_{TL}	-300	Non	-100	mV_{DC}	4	
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V_{ICM}	1.6	1.25	1.4	V_{DC}	4	
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _⊪ (High) ≫	2.7		3.3	V _{DC}	6	
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL} (Low)	0		0.6	V _{DC}	6	

LED lightbar and LED Backlight structure are designed by customers, AUO can not guarantee life time and backlight power consumption.

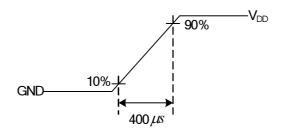


3.1.2: AC Characteristics

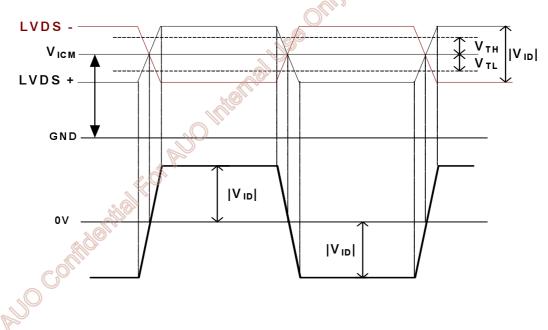
	Parameter	Cymbal		Value	Unit	Note		
	Falametei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max) iii	1,010	
	Input Channel Pair Skew Margin	t _{SKEW (CP)}	-500		+500	ps	7	
LVDS	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%		Fclk +3%	MHz	8	
Interface	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30	-	200	KHz	8	
	Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5	1 1	0.4 0.5	ns	9	

Note:

- 1. V_{DD} = 12.0V, Fv = 120Hz, Fclk= Max freq., 25 \square , Test Pattern : White Pattern
- 2. Measurement condition: Rising time = 400us



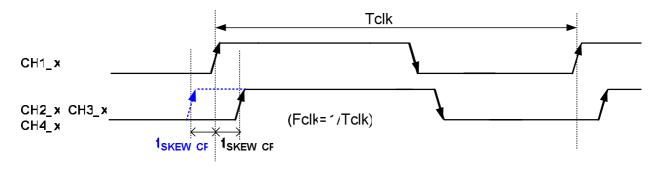
- 3. Test Condition:
 - (1) The measure point of V_{RP} is in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
 - (2) Under Max. Input current spec. condition.
- **4.** $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$



5. The measure points of V_{IH} and V_{IL} are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.

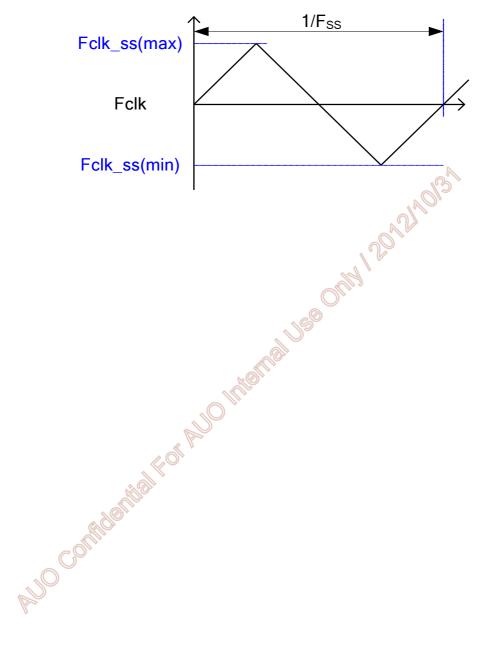


6. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin



Note: x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4

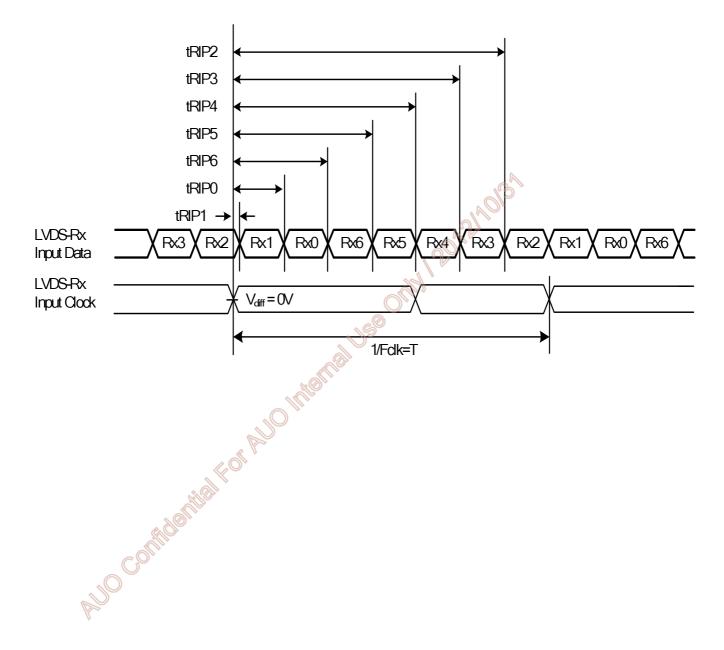
7. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures





8. Receiver Data Input Margin

Parameter	Symbol		Rating		Unit	Note
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Ollit	Note
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)		Fclk (max)	MHz	T=1/Fclk
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns	





3.2 Interface Connections

● LCD connector: 187059-51221 (P-TWO, LVDS connector)

PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	26	GND	Ground
2	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	27	GND	Ground
3	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	28	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-
4	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	29	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+
5	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	30	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-
6	ROTATE	Panel Rotation Display Control High(3.3V) : Rotate Enable Open/Low(GND) : Rotate Disable	31	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+
7	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA	32	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-
8	N.C.	No connection	33	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+
9	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	34	GND	Ground
10	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	35	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -
11	GND	Ground	36	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-	37	GND	Ground
13	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	38	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-
14	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	39	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+
15	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+	40	CH2_4-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4-
16	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	41	CH2_4+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4+
17	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	42	GND	Ground
18	GND	Ground	43	GND	Ground
19	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	44	GND	Ground
20	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	45	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	46	GND	Ground
22	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	47	NC	No connection
23	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+	48	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
24	CH1_4-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4-	49	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
25	CH1_4+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4+	50	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
			51	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated

Note: N.C. : please leave this pin unoccupied. It can not be connected by any signal (Low/GND/High).



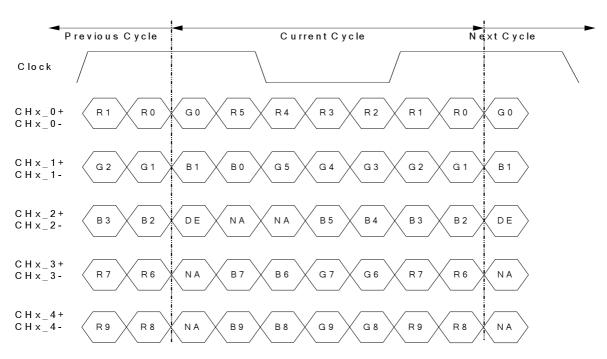
• 187060-41221-1 (P-TWO, LVDS connector)

PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	N.C.	No connection	21	CH3_3+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 3+
2	N.C.	No connection	22	CH 3_4-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 4-
3	N.C.	No connection	23	CH3_4+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 4+
4	N.C.	No connection	24	GND	Ground
5	N.C.	No connection	25	GND	Ground
6	N.C.	No connection	26	CH4_0-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0-
7	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	27	CH4_0+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0+
8	N.C.	No connection	28	CH4_1-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1-
9	GND	Ground	29	CH4_1+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1+
10	CH3_0-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 0-	30	CH4_2-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2-
11	CH3_0+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 0+	31	CH4_2+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2+
12	CH3_1-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 1-	32	GND	Ground
13	CH3_1+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 1+	33	CH4_CLK-	LVDS Channel 4, Clock -
14	CH3_2-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 2-	34	CH4_CLK+	LVDS Channel 4, Clock +
15	CH3_2+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 2+	35	GND	Ground
16	GND	Ground	36	CH4_3-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3-
17	CH3_CLK-	LVDS Channel 3, Clock -	37	CH4_3+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3+
18	CH3_CLK+	LVDS Channel 3, Clock +	38	CH4_4-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4-
19	GND	Ground	39	CH4_4+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4+
20	CH3_3-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 3-	40	GND	Ground
			41	GND	Ground

Note: N.C.: please leave this pin unoccupied. It can not be connected by any signal (Low/GND/High).

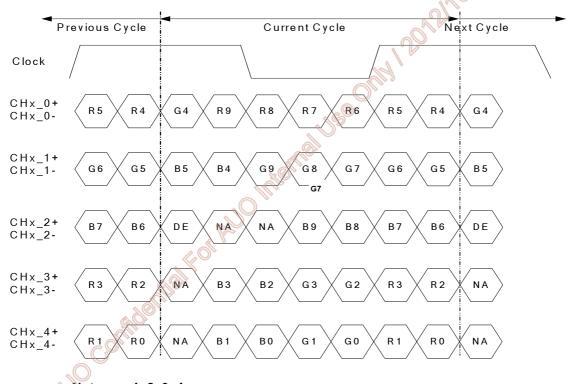


LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

LVDS Option = Low→JEIDA





3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Timing Table (DE only Mode)

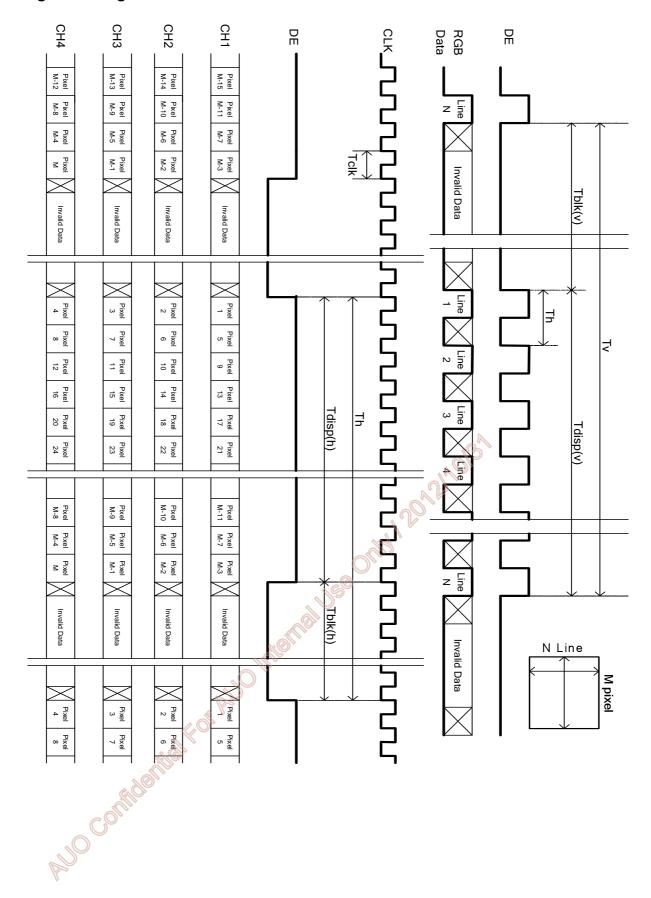
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	Period	Tv	1096	1130	1392	Th
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080		
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	16	50	312	Th
	Period	Th	520	570	580	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)		480		
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	40	90	100	Tclk
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	64.8	77.29	80.74	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	94	120	122	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	120	135.6	139.2	KHz

Notes:

- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
 Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2)Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4)The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



3.4 Signal Timing Waveforms





3.5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 10 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

COLOR DATA REFERENCE

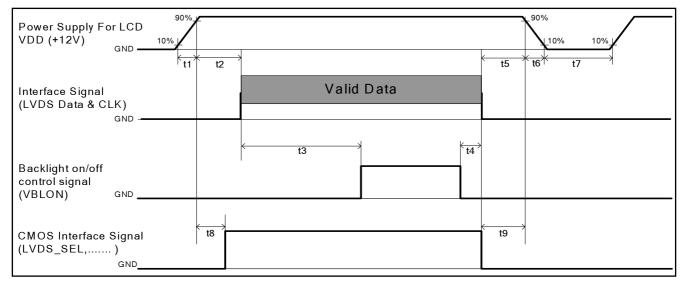
			Input Color Data																												
	Color		RED									GREEN													BL	UE					
	Coloi	MS	В							L	SB	MSB LSB							MSB LSB												
		R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G9	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В9	В8	В7	В6	В5	В4	ВЗ	B2	В1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																			. ((D											
	RED(1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G														6																	
	GREEN(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 (0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В								e P																							
	BLUE(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



		Input Color Data																							
		RED					GREEN				BLUE														
		MSB LSB					MSB LSB				MSB LSB														
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R											•														
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G															M						<u> </u>				
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	\1	/1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
В	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
																21010101010									
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0,	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



3.6 Power Sequence for LCD



Danamatan		l lait			
Parameter	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit	
t1	0.4		30	ms	
t2	0.1		50	ms	
t3	450			ms	
t4	0*1			ms	
t5	0		1000	ms	
t6		and	*2 	ms	
t7	500	1		ms	
t8	10 ^{*3}		50	ms	
t9	0			ms	

Note:

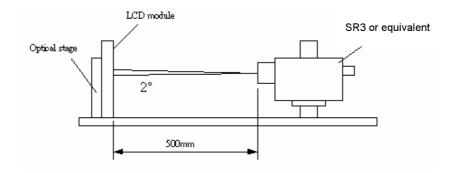
- (1) t4=0: concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.
- (2) t6 : voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)
- (3) When CMOS Interface signal is N.C. (no connection), opened in Transmitted end, t8 timing spec can be negligible.



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the open cell unit and light source has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of φ and θ equal to 0° .

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



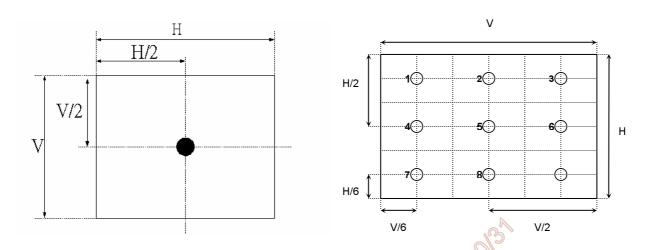
Davamatas	Comahal	Condition		Values	l lmit	Notes	
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR		3200	4000			1,2
Surface Luminance (White)	L _{WH}	With STD BLU	270	340		cd/m ²	1,3
Luminance Variation	$\delta_{\text{WHITE(9P)}}$	William BLO	-0	_	1.33		1,4
Response Time (G to G)	Тγ		+	6.5		Ms	5
Center Transmittance	Т%			6.6		%	1,8
Color Chromaticity			y -				6
Red	R_X			0.640			
	R_Y	With STD BLU	Тур0.03	0.340	- - Typ.+0.03		
Green	G _X			0.300			
	G_{Y}	Standard light source "C"		0.605			
Blue	B_X	- Standard light source C		0.150			
	By			0.045			
White	W _X			0.275			
. (0	W_{Y}			0.280			
Viewing Angle							7
x axis, right(φ=0°)	$\theta_{\rm r}$			89		degree	
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι	With STD BLU		89		degree	
y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ_{u}			89		degree	
y axis, down (φ=270°)	$\theta_{\sf d}$			89		degree	



- 1. Light source here is the BLU of STD BLU.
- 2. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

3. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2. L_{WH}=Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.

FIG. 2 Luminance



4. The variation in surface luminance, δWHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:

 $\delta_{\text{WHITE(9P)}}$ = Maximum($L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, ..., L_{\text{on9}}$)/ Minimum($L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, ..., L_{\text{on9}}$)

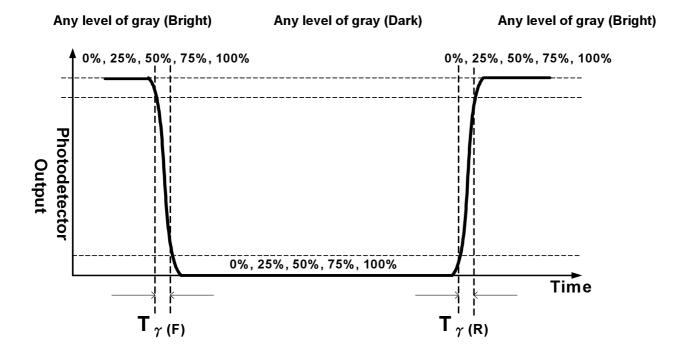
5. Response time T_V is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F_V =120Hz to optimize.

Меа	asured			Target		
Respo	nse Time	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%
	75 %	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%	

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of gray(bright)" and "any level of gray(dark)".

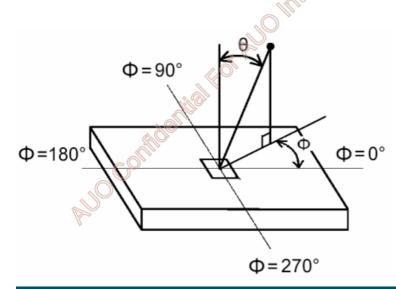


FIG.3 Response Time



- 6. Light source here is the standard light source "C" which is defined by CIE and driving voltages are based on suitable gamma voltages. The calculating method is as following:
 - A. Measure the "Module" and "BLU" optical spectrums (W, R, G, B) of STD BLU.
 - B. Calculate cell spectrum from "Module" and "BLU" spectrums.
 - C. Calculate color chromaticity by using cell spectrum and the spectrum of standard light source "C".
- 7. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.

FIG.4 Viewing Angle





8. Definition of Transmittance (T%):

Transmittance =
$$\frac{\text{Luminance of LCD module}}{\text{Luminance of backlight}} * 100\%$$

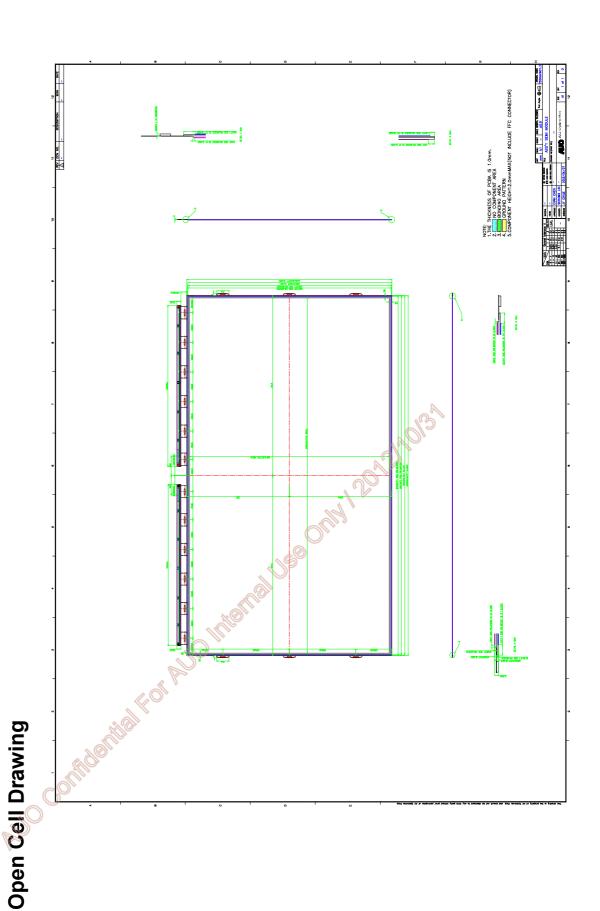
During transmittance measurement, the backlight of LCD module contains no brightness enhancement film. Two diffuser sheets which diffuse the light source uniformly are suggested to use for transmittance measurement.

5. Mechanical Characteristics

Item	Тур	Unit	Note
Weight	3680	g	

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6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60□, 300hrs
2	2 Low temperature storage test		-20□, 300hrs
3	3 High temperature operation test		50□, 300hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5□, 300hrs
5	Vibration test (With carton)	1(PKG)	Random wave (1.5G RMS, 10-200Hz) 30mins/ Per each X,Y,Z axes
6	Drop test (With carton)	1(PKG)	Drop Height: 12.7 cm, 6 Flats (Front→Rear→Left→Right→Top→Bottom) (ASTMD4169-I)

Note: Test item 1~4 RA tests are done on AUO T550HVN01.5 panels.

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7. Packing

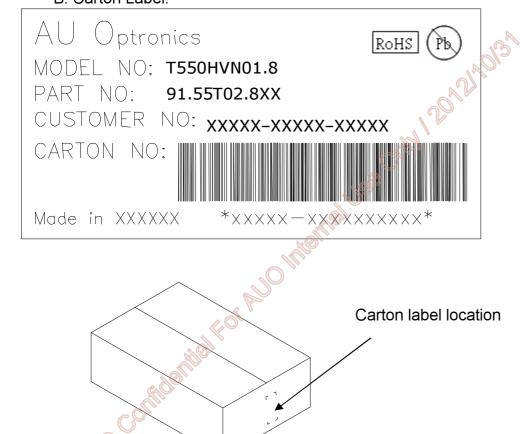
7-1. DEFINITION OF LABELS:

A. Open cell shipping label (35*7mm):



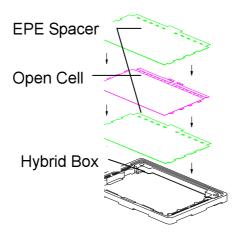
- 1. S/N Number
- 2. AUO internal use
- 3. Manufactured week
- 4. Model name

B. Carton Label:

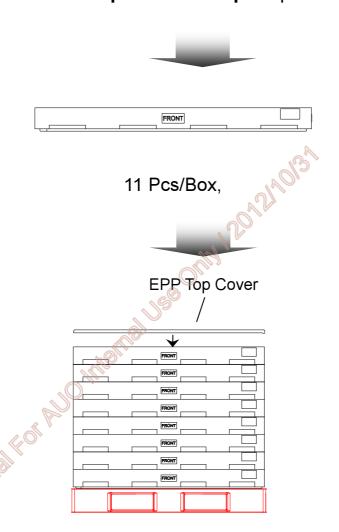




7-2 PACKING METHODS:



1Box for 11 pcs cells & 12 pcs spacers

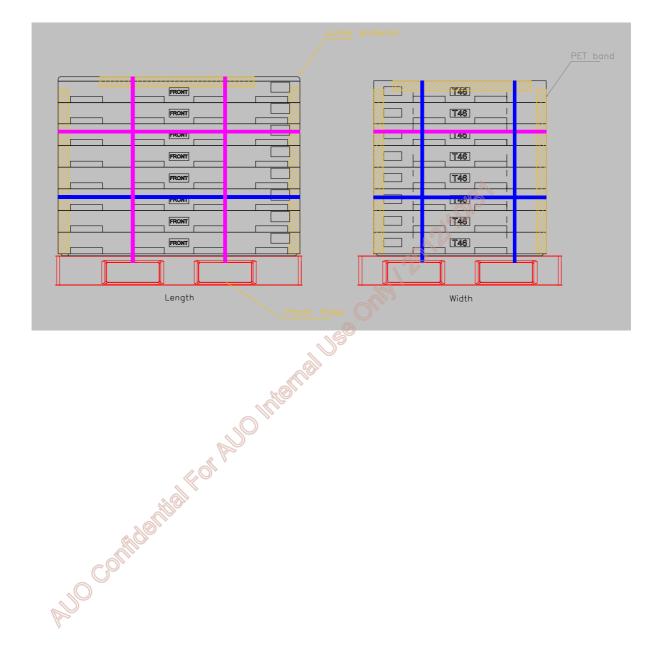


Pallet Dimension:1420*1120*150 mm 8 Boxes/Pallet, after stack 8 boxes, then put EPP top cover on it.



7-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

			Specification						
	ltem	Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)	Remark				
1	Packing Box	11 pcs/box	1400(L)mm*990(W)mm*116(H)mm	37					
2	Pallet	1	1420(L)mm*1120(W)mm*150(H)mm	15					
3	Boxes per Pallet	8 boxes/Palle	boxes/Pallet (By Air) ; 8 Boxes/Pallet*Double Pallet (By Sea)						
4	Panels per Pallet	88 pcs/pallet(l	3 pcs/pallet(By Air) ; 88 pcs/Pallet*Double Pallet (By Sea)						
5	Pallet	88(by Air)	1420(L)mm*1120(W)mm*1028(H)mm (by Air)	313 (by Air)					
	after packing 176(by Sea)		1420(L)mm*1120(W)mm*2056(H)mm (by Sea)	626 (by Sea)	40ft HQ				





8. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD Open Cell unit.

8-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the cell. And the frame on which a cell is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the cell.
- (2) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (3) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (3) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (4) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (5) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (6) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (7) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

8-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The open cell unit listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (4) Brightness/transmittance depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

(8)

8-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a open cell unit is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.



8-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

8-5 STORAGE

When storing open cell units as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the open cell unit to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5 □ and 35 □ at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

8-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM OF POLARIZER

The protection film of polarizer is still attached on the surface as you receive open cell units. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is easily generated on the polarizer surface. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.